

Middle School Theatre Arts Curriculum Map

This map is a framework for developing your middle school theatre arts curriculum. The included lessons, learning module guides, assessments, and readings are flexible based on the needs of your students.

Topic 1: Communication & Collaboration Suggested Time Frame: 2 weeks

Essential Questions

- How do theatre artists work together?
- What is "etiquette"? How does it apply to artists and audiences?
- What are the vocal and physical skills of an actor?
- What is "empathy"? Why is it important in theatre?

6th Grade

TH:Pr5.1.6.a. Recognize how acting exercises and techniques can be applied to a drama/theatre work.
TH:Re9.1.6.c. Identify a specific audience or purpose for a

drama/theatre work.

Target Standards

7th Grade

TH:Cr2.1.7.b. Demonstrate mutual respect for self and others and their roles in preparing or devising drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr5.1.7.a. Participate in a variety of acting exercises and techniques that can be applied in a rehearsal or drama/theatre performance.

TH:Re9.1.7.c. Identify how the intended purpose of a drama/theatre work appeals to a specific audience.

8th Grade

TH:Pr5.1.8.a. Use a variety of acting techniques to increase skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre performance.

Supporting Lessons

Exercise: Tongue Twister: To Sit in Solemn Silence & Exercise: The Dragon's Diction & Vocal Agility Students use vocal warm-ups and tongue twisters to develop actor etiquette, collaboration with an ensemble, and confidence in the performance space.

Exercise: Affect as Lords & Ladies Inspired by Oscar Wilde's *The Importance of Being Earnest*, students use knowledge of historical social classes to adopt walks and attitudes that develop characterization.

Theatre Practitioner Study Students learn about some of the important figures in the world of theatre while becoming familiar with StageAgent for Schools features

<u>Dear Evan Hansen: Defining Empathy</u> Students examine the ways in which the text, staging, design, imagery, and music work together in *Dear Evan Hansen* to convey the message of empathy.

Supporting Texts	Target Assessments
Learning Modules: Theatre Basics	Create a short presentation about an important figure in theatre.
 Audience Etiquette & Participation Performance Skills & Process Creating Safe Spaces 	Write a statement of empathy inspired by <i>Dear Evan Hansen</i> .
Stage Etiquette	

Topic 2: Stage Geography & Theatre Jobs Suggested Time Frame: 2 weeks

Essential Questions • What are the parts of the stage and	Target Standards		
 what are the parts of the stage and theatre space? What are their functions? What is theatre vocabulary? How does it impact communication? What are the important jobs in theatre? How do they support each other? 	6th Grade TH:Cr1.1.6.a. Identify possible solutions to staging challenges in a drama/theatre work. TH:Pr5.1.6.b. Articulate how technical elements are integrated into a drama/theatre work.	7th Grade TH:Cr1.1.7.a. Investigate multiple perspectives and solutions to staging challenges in a drama/theatre work. TH:Pr4.1.7.a. Consider various staging choices to enhance the story in a drama/theatre work.	8th Grade TH:Cr1.1.8.a. Imagine and explore multiple perspectives and solutions to staging problems in a drama/ theatre work.

Supporting Lessons

The Theatre Jobs Family Tree Students investigate the collaborative nature of various theatre professions.

<u>Types of Stages & Theatre Spaces</u> Students learn about the different types of stages and the terminology associated with them, and evaluate how an audience responds to each stage.

Supporting Texts	Target Assessments
Learning Modules: Theatre Basics Jobs in the Theatre Parts of the Stage	Create a flow chart, or "family tree," that demonstrates the roles, responsibilities, and relationships of the careers in theatre.

- Types of Stages
- Backstage & House

Theatre Careers

Topic 3: Improvisation, Interpretation, & Pantomime Suggested Time Frame: 4-5 weeks

Essential Questions

- What is improvisation? Why is it important in acting?
- What is pantomime? How do actors use it in performance?
- How do actors understand character viewpoints and perspectives?
- Why is interpretation important in theatre, whether in acting, directing, or writing?

6th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.6.c. Explore a scripted or improvised character by imagining the given circumstances in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr2.1.6.a. Use critical analysis to improve, refine, and evolve original ideas and artistic choices in a devised or scripted drama/theatre work. **b.** Contribute ideas and accept and incorporate the ideas of others in preparing or devising drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr3.1.6.b. Identify effective physical and vocal traits of characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.6.b. Experiment with various physical choices to communicate character in a drama/theatre work.

Target Standards

7th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.7.c. Envision and describe a scripted or improvised character's inner thoughts and objectives in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr3.1.7.b. Develop effective physical and vocal traits of characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

8th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.8.c. Develop a scripted or improvised character by articulating the character's inner thoughts, objectives, and motivations in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr2.1.8.b. Share leadership and responsibilities to develop collaborative goals when preparing or devising drama/theatre work.
TH:Cr3.1.8.b. Refine effective physical, vocal, and physiological traits of characters in an

improvised or scripted drama/

theatre work.

Supporting Lessons

Introduction to Pantomime Students define pantomime and learn how actors use pantomime within performance.

<u>Exercise</u>: <u>Another Point of View</u> Students watch a musical number, select a secondary character, and write a monologue on the events from that character's point of view. This exercise can be expanded or incorporated into another lesson.

Shadow Puppetry Students examine the origins and techniques of shadow puppetry to create their own presentations.

Rewrite a Fairy Tale Story Students compare the original Grimm fairy tales to the stories of Into the Woods to understand the art of adaptation and how to make dramatic choices

<u>Unit: Scaffolded Improvisation</u> Students build confidence and acting skills to create sustainable and believable characters through improvisational choices.

Supporting Texts	Target Assessments
Learning Modules: Performance Skills & Process	Write a monologue for a secondary character that comments on the action within the performance.
Improvisation	Create an original script and performance using shadow puppetry.
 Pantomime (British) 	Develop on improvinged performance
Pantomime (US)	Develop an improvised performance.
Playwriting	
 <u>Devised Theatre</u> 	
World Theatre	
• Puppetry	

Topic 4: Basic Acting & Monologues Suggested Time Frame: 4-5 weeks

Essential Questions

- How is acting a process?
- How do actors develop their physical and vocal selves to create a believable performance?
- What are the traits of a successful rehearsal?
- How do actors assess their performances? How can they provide constructive feedback to their peers?

Target Standards

6th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.6.c. Explore a scripted or improvised character by imagining the given circumstances in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr2.1.6.a. Use critical analysis to improve, refine, and evolve original ideas and artistic choices in a devised or scripted drama/theatre work. b. Contribute ideas and accept and incorporate the ideas of others in preparing or devising drama/theatre work.
TH:Cr3.1.6.b. Identify effective physical and vocal traits of

7th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.7.c. Envision and describe a scripted or improvised character's inner thoughts and objectives in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr2.1.7.a. Examine and justify original ideas and artistic choices in a drama/theatre work based on critical analysis, background knowledge, and historical and cultural context.

TH:Cr3.1.7.b. Develop effective physical and vocal traits of characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

8th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.8.c. Develop a scripted or improvised character by articulating the character's inner thoughts, objectives, and motivations in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr2.1.8.a. Articulate and apply critical analysis, background knowledge, research, and historical and cultural context to the development of original ideas for a drama/theatre work.
TH:Cr3.1.8.b. Refine effective physical, vocal, and physiological traits of characters in an

characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work. TH:Pr4.1.6.b. Experiment with various physical choices to communicate character in a drama/theatre work. TH:Pr5.1.6.a. Recognize how acting exercises and techniques can be applied to a drama/theatre work. **TH:Pr6.1.6.a.** Adapt a drama/theatre work and present it informally for an audience. TH:Re7.1.6.a. Describe and record personal reactions to artistic choices in a drama/theatre work. TH:Cn11.1.6.a. Identify universal themes or common social issues and express them through a drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.7.b. Use various character objectives in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re8.1.7.a. Identify the artistic choices made based on personal experience in a drama/theatre work. c. Interpret how the use of personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs can be used to discuss drama/theatre work.

improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.8.a. Explore different pacing to better communicate the story in a drama/theatre work. b. Use various character objectives and tactics in a drama/theatre work to overcome an obstacle. TH:Pr5.1.8.a. Use a variety of acting techniques to increase skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre performance. TH:Pr6.1.8.a. Perform a rehearsed drama/theatre work for an audience.

TH:Re8.1.8.c. Apply personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs to evaluate a drama/theatre work.

Supporting Lessons

Exercise: Run Down the Character Rabbit Hole Students use StageAgent searches to learn more about characters and shows.

Unit: Beginning Acting Students learn the basic principles of acting and how to use them in a monologue performance.

<u>Unit: Breaking Down Bullying: Character Analysis & Monologues</u> Using the G.O.T.E. method, students create their own monologue on the topic of bullying. They use collaboration and rehearsal to present their original piece.

Supporting Texts	Target Assessments
Learning Modules Theatre Basics	Perform a monologue, using believable characterization, physical movement and blocking, and vocalization.
Acting Blocking	Write an original monologue and perform it using the G.O.T.E. method.
Performance Skills & Process • Monologue	
 <u>Using Voice to Build Character</u> <u>Projection and Volume</u> <u>Researching the Role</u> 	

Topic 5: Auditions Suggested Time Frame: 2 weeks

Essential Questions

- How does an actor prepare for an audition?
- What should an actor consider when selecting an audition piece?

Target Standards

6th Grade

TH:Cr3.1.6.a. Articulate and examine choices to refine a devised or scripted drama/theatre work. b. Identify effective physical and vocal traits of characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.6.b. Experiment with various physical choices to communicate character in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr5.1.6.a. Recognize how acting exercises and techniques can be applied to a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re7.1.6.a. Describe and record personal reactions to artistic choices in a drama/theatre work.

7th Grade

TH:Cr2.1.7.a. Examine and justify original ideas and artistic choices in a drama/theatre work based on critical analysis, background knowledge, and historical and cultural context. **b.** Demonstrate mutual respect for self and others and their roles in preparing or devising drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr3.1.7.b. Develop effective physical and vocal traits of characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.7.a. Consider various staging choices to enhance the story in a drama/theatre work. **b.** Use various character objectives in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr5.1.7.a. Participate in a variety of acting exercises and techniques that can be applied in a rehearsal or drama/theatre performance.

TH:Pr6.1.7.a. Participate in rehearsals for a drama/theatre work that will be shared with an audience.

TH:Re7.1.7.a. Compare recorded

personal and peer reactions to artistic choices in a drama/ theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.7.a. Identify the artistic choices made based on personal experience in a drama/theatre work. c. Interpret how the use of personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs can be used to discuss drama/theatre work.

8th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.8.c. Develop a scripted or improvised character by articulating the character's inner thoughts, objectives, and motivations in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr3.1.8.a. Use repetition and analysis in order to revise devised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.8.a. Explore different pacing to better communicate the story in a drama/theatre work. **b.** Use various character objectives and tactics in a drama/theatre work to overcome an obstacle.

TH:Pr5.1.8.a. Use a variety of acting techniques to increase skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre performance.

TH:Pr6.1.8.a. Perform a rehearsed drama/theatre work for an audience.

TH:Re7.1.8.a. Apply criteria to the evaluation of artistic choices in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re8.1.8.a. Recognize and share artistic choices when participating in or observing a drama/theatre work. **c.** Apply personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs to evaluate a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.8.a. Respond to a drama/theatre work using supporting evidence, personal aesthetics, and artistic criteria.

Supporting Lessons

Exercise: Get Ready for an Audition! Students use StageAgent search features to find relevant monologues that could be used in an audition.

<u>Exercise: Finding the Song</u> Students identify their vocal ranges, and use StageAgent search features to select songs that they could use for auditions or presentations.

<u>Auditions: Process, Practice, & Performance</u> To audition for a specific show, students select appropriate material and collaboratively rehearse in order to create a strong presentation. They will also evaluate their work and provide a self-assessment while offering feedback to their peers.

Supporting Texts	Target Assessments
Learning Modules	Present a polished audition for feedback and self-assessment.
Theatre Basics Acting	
Blocking	
Performance Skills & Process	
 Monologue 	
 <u>Using Voice to Build Character</u> 	
 Projection and Volume 	
 Researching the Role 	

Topic 6: Dramatic Literature & Script Analysis Suggested Time Frame: 5 weeks

Essential Questions

- Why is script analysis important in theatre? How do actors, directors, and designers use it?
- How do designers make choices about set, costumes, lighting, etc. based on script analysis?
- How does history help theatre artists understand a play?

6th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.6.b. Identify solutions to design challenges in a drama/theatre work.
TH:Cr3.1.6.c. Explore a planned

technical design during the rehearsal process for a devised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.6.a. Identify the essential events in a story or script that make up the dramatic structure in a

drama/theatre work.

7th Grade

Target Standards

TH:Cr1.1.7.b. Explain and present solutions to design challenges in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr3.1.7.c. Consider multiple planned technical design elements during the rehearsal process for a devised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Re8.1.7.b. Describe how cultural perspectives can influence the evaluation of drama/theatre work. **c.**

8th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.8.a. Imagine and explore multiple perspectives and solutions to staging problems in a drama/theatre work. b. Imagine and explore solutions to design challenges of a performance space in a drama/theatre work.
TH:Cr2.1.8.a. Articulate and apply critical analysis, background

knowledge, research, and historical

and cultural context to the

TH:Pr5.1.6.b. Articulate how technical elements are integrated into a drama/ theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.6.a. Use supporting evidence and criteria to evaluate drama/theatre work. b. Apply the production elements used in a drama/theatre work to assess aesthetic choices.

TH:Cn11.1.6.a. Identify universal themes or common social issues and express them through a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cn11.2.6.b. Investigate the time

period and place of a drama/theatre

performance and design choices.

work to better understand

Interpret how the use of personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs can be used to discuss drama/theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.7.a. Explain preferences, using supporting evidence and criteria to evaluate drama/theatre work. **b.** Consider the aesthetics of the production elements in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cn11.2.7.a. Research and discuss how a playwright might have intended a drama/theatre work to be produced. b. Examine artifacts from a time period and geographic location to better understand performance and design choices in a drama/theatre work.

development of original ideas for a drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr5.1.8.b. Use a variety of technical elements to create a design for a rehearsal or drama/theatre production.
TH:Re8.1.8.c. Apply personal

aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs

to evaluate a drama/theatre work. **TH:Re9.1.8.a.** Respond to a drama/theatre work using supporting evidence, personal aesthetics, and artistic criteria. **b.** Apply the production elements used in a drama/theatre work to assess aesthetic choices. **c.** Assess the impact of a drama/theatre work on a specific audience.

TH:Cn11.2.8.b. Identify and use artifacts from a time period and place to develop performance and design choices in a drama/theatre work.

Supporting Lessons

<u>Unit: The Diary of Anne Frank</u> Students read and analyze *The Diary of Anne Frank* to identify its historical and cultural significance, as well as examine how the source material was dramatized and presented on the stage.

<u>Unit: A Midsummer Night's Dream: A Beginner's Guide to Script Analysis and Technical Design</u> Students learn script analysis using Shakespeare's *A Midsummer Night's Dream* to develop an understanding of themes that influence production concepts.

<u>Create a Design Morgue Board</u> Students use technology and research to create a visual morgue board for a specific production, with specific explanation and justification for conceptual choices.

Supporting Texts	Target Assessments
Learning Module: Theatre Basics Parts of a Script Technical Theatre	Develop a play analysis that incorporates relevant source material. Create a believable and appropriate stage design for a specific show. Assemble a design board that is applicable to a specific show.

Topic 7: Scene Work & Rehearsal Techniques Suggested Time Frame: 5 weeks

Essential Questions

- What is "scene work"?
- How is performing a scene different from performing a monologue?
- How do actors use collaboration to rehearse and present scenes for an audience?
- How do actors use self-reflection to evaluate their performance? How do they use observation to critique presentations?

Target Standards

6th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.6.a. Identify possible solutions to staging challenges in a drama/theatre work. **c.** Explore a scripted or improvised character by imagining the given circumstances in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr3.1.6.b. Identify effective physical and vocal traits of characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.6.a. Identify the essential events in a story or script that make up the dramatic structure in a drama/theatre work. b. Experiment with various physical choices to communicate character in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr5.1.6.a. Recognize how acting exercises and techniques can be applied to a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re7.1.6.a. Describe and record personal reactions to artistic choices in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re8.1.6.c. Identify personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs through participation in or observation of drama/ theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.6.a. Use supporting evidence and criteria to evaluate drama/theatre work.

7th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.7.a. Investigate multiple perspectives and solutions to staging challenges in a drama/theatre work. **c.** Envision and describe a scripted or improvised character's inner thoughts and objectives in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr2.1.7.b. Demonstrate mutual respect for self and others and their roles in preparing or devising drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr3.1.7a. Demonstrate focus and concentration in the rehearsal process to analyze and refine choices in a devised or scripted drama/theatre work. b. Develop effective physical and vocal traits of characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.7.a. Consider various staging choices to enhance the story in a drama/theatre work. **b.** Use various character objectives in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr5.1.7.a. Participate in a variety of acting exercises and techniques that can be applied in a rehearsal or drama/theatre performance.

TH:Pr6.1.7a. Participate in rehearsals for a drama/theatre work that will be shared with an audience.

TH:Re7.1.7.a. Compare recorded personal and peer reactions to artistic choices in a drama/ theatre work.

8th Grade

TH:Cr1.1.8.a. Imagine and explore multiple perspectives and solutions to staging problems in a drama/theatre work. **c.** Develop a scripted or improvised character by articulating the character's inner thoughts, objectives, and motivations in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr2.1.8.b. Share leadership and responsibilities to develop collaborative goals when preparing or devising drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr3.1.8.a. Use repetition and analysis in order to revise devised or scripted drama/theatre work. **b.** Refine effective physical, vocal, and physiological traits of characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.8.a. Explore different pacing to better communicate the story in a drama/theatre work. **b.** Use various character objectives and tactics in a drama/theatre work to overcome an obstacle.

TH:Pr5.1.8.a. Use a variety of acting techniques to increase skills in a rehearsal or drama/theatre performance.

TH:Pr6.1.8.a. Perform a rehearsed drama/theatre work for an audience. TH:Re7.1.8.a. Apply criteria to the evaluation of artistic choices in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cn11.1.6.a. Identify
universal themes or common
social issues and express them
through a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re8.1.7.a. Identify the artistic choices made based on personal experience in a drama/theatre work. **c.** Interpret how the use of personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs can be used to discuss drama/theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.7.a. Explain preferences, using supporting evidence and criteria to evaluate drama/theatre work.

TH:Re8.1.8.a. Recognize and share artistic choices when participating in or observing a drama/theatre work. c. Apply personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs to evaluate a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.8.a. Respond to a drama/theatre work using supporting evidence, personal aesthetics, and artistic criteria.

Supporting Lessons

<u>Exercise: "Did you see that?" & Devised Scenes</u> Students use a single prompting line to develop devised and improvised scenes that establish a character, conflict, and resolution.

Unit: Scene Work & Young Actors Using short scenes from one-act plays, students learn how to analyze, rehearse, and present a scene for an audience.

Supporting Texts	Target Assessments
Learning Module: Theatre Basics	Create a devised scene with a clear plot and characterization.
Stage DirectionsBlockingRehearsals	Present a memorized scene and use self-reflection to evaluate the performance.
Performance Skills & Process Scene	

Topic 8: Musical Theatre Suggested Time Frame: 4 weeks

Essential Questions

- What are the parts of a musical?
- What is vocal health? Why is it important?
- What are the roles and responsibilities of people involved in musical theatre?

6th Grade

TH:Cr2.1.6.a. Use critical analysis to improve, refine, and evolve original ideas and artistic choices in a devised or scripted drama/theatre work. **b.** Contribute ideas and accept and incorporate the ideas of others in

Target Standards

TH:Cr2.1.7.a. Examine and justify original ideas and artistic choices in a drama/theatre work based on critical analysis, background knowledge, and historical and cultural context.

7th Grade

8th Grade

TH:Cr2.1.8.a. Articulate and apply critical analysis, background knowledge, research, and historical and cultural context to the development of original ideas for

 How has musical theatre developed and changed over the last century? preparing or devising drama/theatre work.

TH:Cr3.1.6.b. Identify effective physical and vocal traits of characters in an improvised or scripted drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr4.1.6.a. Identify the essential events in a story or script that make up the dramatic structure in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Pr5.1.6.b. Articulate how technical elements are integrated into a drama/ theatre work.

TH:Re7.1.6.a. Describe and record personal reactions to artistic choices in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re8.1.6.a. Explain how artists make choices based on personal experience in a drama/theatre work. **b.** Identify cultural perspectives that may influence the evaluation of a drama/theatre work. **c.** Identify personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs through participation in or observation of drama/theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.6.a. Use supporting evidence and criteria to evaluate drama/theatre work. **b.** Apply the production elements used in a drama/theatre work to assess aesthetic choices. **c.** Identify a specific audience or purpose for a drama/theatre work

TH:Cn10.1.6.a. Explain how the actions and motivations of characters in a drama/theatre work impact perspectives of a community or culture.

TH:Cn11.1.6.a. Identify universal themes or common social issues and express them through a drama/theatre work.
TH:Cn11.2.6.b. Investigate the time period and place of a drama/theatre work to better understand performance and design choices.

TH:Pr5.1.7.b. Choose a variety of technical elements that can be applied to a design in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re7.1.7a. Compare recorded personal and peer reactions to artistic choices in a drama/ theatre work.

TH:Re8.1.7.b. Describe how cultural perspectives can influence the evaluation of drama/theatre work. c. Interpret how the use of personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs can be used to discuss drama/theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.7.a. Explain preferences, using supporting evidence and criteria to evaluate drama/theatre work. b. Consider the aesthetics of the production elements in a drama/theatre work. c. Identify how the intended purpose of a drama/theatre work appeals to a specific audience.

TH:Cn10.1.7.a. Incorporate multiple perspectives and diverse community ideas in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cn11.1.7.a. Incorporate music, dance, art, and/or media to strengthen the meaning and conflict in a drama/theatre work with a particular cultural, global, or historic context.

TH:Cn11.2.7.b. Examine artifacts from a time period and geographic location to better understand performance and design choices in a drama/theatre work.

a drama/theatre work. **b.** Share leadership and responsibilities to develop collaborative goals when preparing or devising drama/theatre work.

TH:Re7.1.8.a. Apply criteria to the evaluation of artistic choices in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re8.1.8.a. Recognize and share artistic choices when participating in or observing a drama/theatre work. **b.** Analyze how cultural perspectives influence the evaluation of a drama/theatre work. **c.** Apply personal aesthetics, preferences, and beliefs to evaluate a drama/theatre work.

TH:Re9.1.8.a. Respond to a drama/theatre work using supporting evidence, personal aesthetics, and artistic criteria. **c.** Assess the impact of a drama/theatre work on a specific audience.

TH:Cn10.1.8.a. Examine a community issue through multiple perspectives in a drama/theatre work.

TH:Cn11.2.8.b. Identify and use artifacts from a time period and place to develop performance and design choices in a drama/theatre work.

Supporting Lessons

Making the Musical Students analyze and research musical theatre eras, types of musicals, and the development of musical theatre before creating a pitch to show why their chosen musical is the best.

Build Your Own Jukebox Musical Students define and analyze jukebox musicals before creating their own original version.

<u>Unit: Musical Theatre Melodies</u> Throughout this unit of ten lessons, students learn about the history of musical theatre, what makes a successful musical, and incorporate research to extend understanding

Supporting Texts	Target Assessments
Learning Modules: Theatre Basics	Create an original musical outline based on a jukebox concept. Demonstrate research skills and assemble findings.